

1. Determine the area and perimeter of the rectangle. Include labels.



2. Determine the perimeter of the rectangle. Include a label.



3. A rectangle with whole number side lengths has an area of 24 square centimeters and a perimeter of 22 centimeters. Find the length and width of the rectangle.



Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

- 1. A balance beam at a playground is 2 feet wide. It is 6 times as long as it is wide.
  - a. Label the diagram with the dimensions of the balance beam.

i i	i	i		i i
i i	i	i		i i
i i	i			
i i	i			
i i	i			i i
i i	i			
1 1	1			
i i	i			
1 1	i			
i i	i	i		i i
1 İ	i			

- b. Find the perimeter of the balance beam. P = \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. A blanket is 4 feet wide. It is 3 times as long as it is wide.
  - a. Draw a diagram of the blanket and label its dimensions.



b. Find the perimeter and area of the blanket.

P = \_\_\_\_\_ A = \_\_\_\_

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS	CURRICULUM	Lesson 4 Exit Ticket 4•3
Name		Date
1. Complete the following	equations.	
a. 5 × 10 =	b× 5 = 500	c. 5,000 =× 1,000
d. 10 × 2 =	e× 20 = 2,000	f. 2,000 = 10 ×
g. 100 × 18 =	h = 10 × 32	i. 4,800 = × 100
j. 60 × 4 =	k. 5 × 600 =	l. 8,000 × 5 =





Name	Date

Draw number disks to represent the value of the following expressions.

hundreds	tens	ones

## 1. 4 × 200 = \_\_\_\_\_

4 times \_\_\_\_\_\_ hundreds is \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

	thousands	hundreds	tens	ones
2. 4 × 2,000 =				

times \_\_\_\_\_\_ thousands is \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

#### 3. Find the product.

a. 30 × 3 =	b. 8 × 20 =	c. 6 × 400 =	d. 2 × 900 =
e. 8 × 80 =	f. 30 × 4 =	g. 500 × 6 =	h. 8×5,000 =

4. Bonnie worked for 7 hours each day for 30 days. How many hours did she work altogether?



Date \_\_\_\_\_

Represent the following problem by drawing disks in the place value chart.

1. To solve  $20 \times 30$ , think:

(2 tens) × (3 tens) =	
2 × 3 × 10 x 10 =	

20 × 30 = \_\_\_\_

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

- 2. Use the word form of the numbers to find the products.
  - a. 2 tens × 3 tens = \_\_\_\_\_ 20 × 30 = \_\_\_\_\_ b. 80 × 20 = \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ × \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_
- 3. Every night, Ellen reads 40 pages. How many pages total does she read at night during the 30 days of November?



- 1. Show partial products with disks on the place value chart, and record the partial products vertically.
  - a. 6 × 41

hundreds	tens	ones	x
			_

b. 3 × 71

/	-1

4 1

6

hundreds	tens	ones
19. B.		

<u>x 3</u>





# 2. Represent the following expressions with disks that match the partial products.

## a. 4 × 513

thousands	hundreds	tens	ones	_	x	5	1	3 4

## b. 3 × 1,054

thousands	hundreds	tens	ones

1	0	5	4
х			3



Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Solve any way.

829 × 4

2. The monthly school newspaper is 9 pages long. Mrs. Smith needs to print 675 copies. How many sheets of paper will she use?

#### L12 Exit Ticket



Name

1. Jennifer has 256 pink beads. Stella has 3 times as many beads as Jennifer. How many beads does Stella have?

a. Draw a tape diagram:

b. Use partial products to solve:

Jennifer

Stella





Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Solve the following problem using an array or a tape diagram.

 Fifty-three students are going on a field trip to the zoo. Before the trip, a teacher forms groups of students and assigns a chaperone to each group. The teacher divides the students into groups of 6. How many groups of students will there be? Will each group have 6 students? How many total chaperones are needed?



Show the division using disks. Check your quotient and remainder by using multiplication and addition.

1. 5÷3

Ones		Check Your Work
	quotient =	
	remainder =	

# 2. 65 ÷ 3

Tens	Ones		Check Your Work
		quotient =	
		remainder =	

This work is derived from Eureka Math ™ and licensed by Great Minds. ©2015-Great Minds. eureka math.org
(cc) BY-NC-SA
This work is licensed under a
Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.

Γ



٦

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_

Show the division using disks. Check your quotient by using multiplication and addition.

## 1. 5÷4

		Check Your Work
Ones		
	quotient =	
	remainder =	

# 2. 56÷4

Tens	Ones		Check Your Work
		quotient =	
		remainder =	

This work is derived from Eureka Math ™ and licensed by Great Minds. ©2015-Great Minds. eureka math.org This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.



Date \_\_\_\_\_

Solve using the Forgiving Method.

1. 93 ÷ 7	2. 99 ÷ 8

This work is derived from Eureka Math <sup>™</sup> and licensed by Great Minds. ©2015-Great Minds. eureka math.org This work is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.</u>

Date \_\_\_\_\_



1. Tony drew the following area model but left off the length measurements. What are the missing numbers?



2. Complete the number bond for Tony's problem.



This work is derived from Eureka Math <sup>™</sup> and licensed by Great Minds. ©2015-Great Minds. eureka math.org This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.



Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Use number bonds to divide greater numbers.



2. Decompose the whole into multiples of the divisor to complete the number bonds.



This work is derived from Eureka Math ™ and licensed by Great Minds. ©2015-Great Minds. eureka math.org
This work is licensed under a
Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.



Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Kyle drew the following area model to find an unknown length. What division equation did he model?





2. Solve  $93 \div 4$  using the area model.



Date \_\_\_\_\_

Record the factors of the given numbers as multiplication sentences and as a list in order from least to greatest. Classify each as prime (P) or composite (C).

	Multiplication Sentences	Factors	Prime (P)
			or
			Composite (C)
a.	9	The factors of 9 are:	
b.	12	The factors of 12 are:	
c.	19	The factors of 19 are:	

This work is derived from Eureka Math <sup>™</sup> and licensed by Great Minds. ©2015-Great Minds. eureka math.org
This work is licensed under a
Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.



Name

2. Explain your thinking, or use division or multiplication to answer the following.

-			
a.	Is 2 a factor of 34?	b.	Is 3 a factor of 34?
c.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
C.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
с.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?
С.	Is 4 a factor of 72?	d.	Is 3 a factor of 72?

This work is derived from Eureka Math ™ and licensed by Great Minds. ©2015-Great Minds. eureka math.org This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported License.



Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

- 1. Fill in the unknown multiples of 11.
  - 5 × 11 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6 × 11 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - 7 × 11 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - 8 × 11 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - 9 × 11 = \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Complete the pattern of multiples by skip-counting.

7, 14, \_\_\_\_\_, 28, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_,

- 3.
- a. List the numbers that have 18 as a multiple.

b. What are the factors of 18?

c. Are your two lists the same? Why or why not?



Date

## 1. Rewrite each in unit form. Solve for the quotient.

a. 600 ÷ 3 = 200	b. 1,200 ÷ 6
6 hundreds ÷ 3 =	
hundreds	
c. 2,100 ÷ 7	d. 3,200 ÷ 8

2. Hudson and 8 of his friends found a bag of pennies. There were 360 pennies which they shared equally. How many pennies did each person get?



Name

Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Divide using the forgiving method.

a. 776÷2	b. 596÷3

2. A carton of milk contains 128 ounces. Sara's son drinks 4 ounces of milk at each meal. How many 4-ounce servings will one carton of milk provide?



Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Divide using the Forgiving Method.

Name \_\_\_\_\_



2. The post office had an equal number of each of 4 types of stamps. There were a total of 1,784 stamps. How many of each type of stamp did the post office have?

Name

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Draw tape diagrams to solve. Identify if the group size or the number of groups is unknown.

1. 572 cars were parked in a parking garage. The same number of cars parked on each floor. If there were 4 floors, how many cars were parked on each floor?



\_\_\_\_ group size unknown

\_\_\_\_ number of groups unknown

2. 356 kg of flour were packed into sacks holding 2 kg each. How many sacks were packed?

\_\_\_\_ group size unknown

\_\_\_\_ number of groups unknown

Use the forgiving method of division to solve.

1. Mr. Foote needs exactly 6 folders for each fourth grade student at Hoover Elementary School. If he bought 726 folders, how many students will get the folders?

2. Mrs. Terrance has a large bin of 236 crayons. She divides them equally among four containers. How many crayons does Mrs. Terrance have in each container?

Date \_\_\_\_







Use an area model to represent the following expressions in word form. Record the partial products and solve.

1. 30 × 93



Draw an area model to represent the following expressions in standard form. Record the partial products vertically and solve.

2. 40 × 72



×

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Draw an area model to solve. Record the partial products vertically and solve.

1.  $26 \times 43$ 

		×
	+	

×

+

Solve using four partial products.

2. 17 × 55



1. Solve 43 × 22 using 4 partial products and 2 partial products.



2. Solve using the area model. Add the columns to record two partial products.

64 x 15

